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jurisdiction of the Supreme Court in the direct review of trial courts and on error and appeals from this court. The typography is good, but the binding is not up to the usual standard.

Lawyers' Reports, Annotated, Book XVI. The Lawyers' Co-operative Publishing Co., Rochester, N. Y., 1892.

This book is the last of the series of 1892 and contains all the current cases of general value and importance decided in the United States, State and Territorial Courts, with elaborate annotations. The cases are carefully selected, which, in a work covering so large a field, is the most important element. In other respects as well the book is up to the standard of the series and should be in every library.

General Digest of the United States (Annual 1892). The Lawyers' Co-operative Publishing Co., Rochester, N. Y.

A digest containing all the cases in the higher courts of the United States, England and Canada is indeed a stupendous work, but it has become one of the necessities of modern practice. The Lawyers' Co-operative Publishing Co. have completed the task for the current year with excellent success. The cases are digested with remarkable accuracy and thoroughness. The classification is admirable and the references complete. These are the main requisites of a complete digest, and it is only necessary to add that the volume is kept within convenient size and is serviceably bound.

The Law of Electric Wires in Streets and Highways. By Edward Q. Keasbey of the New Jersey Bar. Callaghan & Co., Chicago, Ill., 1892.

The use of the streets for the erection of poles and the stringing of wires, has been, and will continue to be a fruitful source of controversy, and Mr. Keasbey is the first to undertake a logical treatment of the subject. The questions are so new and the law is developing so rapidly that the author does not attempt to do more than suggest the general principles applicable to such cases, and correct and examine the authorities. The discussion includes both overhead and underground wires, the extent of legislative and municipal control, the rights of abutting owners and the conflicting rights of the companies themselves, as for example, in case of interference with the telephone service by the proximity of other wires carrying more powerful currents. The work is thoroughly done, all the recent cases being carefully digested and considered, which, as well as the comparative novelty and growing importance of the subject, makes it of particular value.